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Symbols of Resistance and Transformation in Nigerian Collage Art

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Abstract

This paper explores the dynamic role of collage art in Nigerian cultural and political discourse, focusing on how artists employ various symbols and motifs to navigate and critique post-colonial themes. By analyzing artworks that integrate both traditional and contemporary materials, the study highlights how these pieces reflect and influence perceptions of cultural identity, resistance, transformation, and societal progress. Through detailed examinations of specific artworks, the paper demonstrates how Nigerian collage artists articulate issues of colonial legacy, identity reaffirmation, and socio-political challenges. Furthermore, it discusses the broader cultural impact of these artworks, showing how they foster public dialogue and inspire community actions that address ongoing post-colonial challenges. This study underscores the power of visual art as a medium for social reflection and change, contributing significantly to both academic and cultural discussions about post-colonialism in Nigeria.

Keywords: Nigerian collage art, post-colonial themes, cultural identity, artistic resistance, societal transformation

1. Historical Foundations

Nigerian collage art, rich in symbolism and narrative depth, is profoundly influenced by the nation's historical backdrop. The legacy of colonialism, coupled with Nigeria's journey through independence and its post-colonial challenges, has left indelible marks on the thematic choices of contemporary artists. These artists often draw upon a mix of historical events and personal experiences to shape the narrative themes in their works. The colonial period introduced various foreign artistic influences, which Nigerian artists have skillfully

integrated with indigenous traditions and motifs. This fusion not only reflects a complex cultural identity but also serves as a canvas for expressing resistance and exploring transformation within the society.

As Nigeria navigated through decades of political upheaval and social change post-independence, collage artists began to increasingly utilize their art to comment on these changes. They incorporate symbols that resonate with their audience's collective memory of oppression, struggle, and liberation. This approach not only revisits historical wounds but

also encourages a dialogue about the ongoing transformation in Nigerian socio-political life. By weaving historical elements with contemporary issues, these collage works act as a mirror reflecting the past's influence on present circumstances, enabling a deeper understanding of the identity and resilience of the Nigerian people. Through their art, these artists contribute to a narrative of cultural reaffirmation and critique, marking collage art as a vital part of Nigeria's artistic heritage and its continuous evolution in the post-colonial era.

2. Expressing Cultural Identity

Nigerian collage artists adeptly capture and convey cultural identity through their artworks, often weaving a rich tapestry of traditional and contemporary motifs. This blend serves not only as a reflection of Nigeria's diverse cultural heritage but also as a commentary on its dynamic modern identity. The artists' use of collage allows for a multilayered expression of identity, where bits and pieces of material culture—ranging from fabric scraps newspaper clippings—are assembled to create complex visual narratives. These materials themselves are often laden with cultural significance, each element chosen for its ability to evoke the collective memory or shared experiences of the community.

The integration of traditional motifs in these collages often pays homage to Nigeria's historical art forms and indigenous symbols, such as Uli patterns or Nsibidi script, embedding ancient philosophies and local lore modern artistic within the framework. Meanwhile, contemporary elements might include digital images or synthetic materials, symbolizing the infiltration of global cultures and the rapid technological advancements Nigerian society. modern deliberate fusion addresses the tension between preserving cultural heritage and embracing global modernity, a central theme in many post-colonial societies.

By discussing these themes, collage artists not only celebrate the richness of Nigerian cultural identity but also navigate its complexities. Their artworks become platforms for dialogue about what it means to be Nigerian in the contemporary world—a dialogue that considers both the roots and the routes of cultural identity. Through this visual and thematic exploration, the artists challenge viewers to reconsider the

narratives of identity and the multifaceted nature of cultural expression in Nigeria today.

3. Portraying Resistance

In Nigerian collage art, the portrayal of resistance against colonial and post-colonial oppression is vivid and evocative, utilizing symbols that resonate deeply with the nation's fraught history and ongoing struggles for autonomy and identity. Artists skillfully embed these symbols into their works, creating layers of meaning that critique past injustices and current disparities.

One prevalent symbol is the chain, often broken or fragmented, representing the breaking of the shackles of colonial rule and the continuous fight against neo-colonial influences. Chains are juxtaposed with images of chains breaking or hands severing them, symbolizing liberation and resistance. Another common motif is the use of masks, drawing from traditional African ceremonies and spirituality. These masks can be seen as a defiance of the colonial attempt to suppress indigenous cultures and as an assertion of African identity and resilience.

A poignant example of such artwork is a collage that incorporates pieces of British colonial maps overlaid with vibrant images of Nigerian cultural festivals. The maps, often torn or distorted, signify the imposed colonial boundaries and the disruption of pre-colonial ways of living. In contrast, the festive images reclaim the narrative, celebrating the enduring spirit and cultural richness of the Nigerian people despite these impositions.

Furthermore, contemporary issues such as the exploitation of natural resources and the corruption that often follows foreign investment are also addressed. Artists might incorporate oil-soaked pages or currency notes to critique the economic systems that perpetuate inequality and sustain new forms of colonialism.

These artworks not only serve as a form of historical record and protest but also act as catalysts for societal reflection and discourse. Through the strategic use of symbols and the raw emotional power of visual art, Nigerian collage artists continue to challenge viewers, encouraging them to question historical narratives and contemporary policies, thus fostering a deeper understanding of resistance in its many forms.

4. Depicting Transformation

In Nigerian collage art, the depiction of transformation is a multifaceted narrative that not only chronicles changes within the nation but also influences perceptions of progress and development. Artists use their works as visual narratives that reflect the evolving societal landscape, engaging with themes of urbanization, cultural synthesis, and political reform.

The artistic representation of transformation often includes juxtapositions of old and new, rural and urban, tradition and modernity. For example, artists might incorporate traditional fabrics like Ankara or Aso-Oke alongside modern materials such as plastic or digital prints, symbolizing the blend of the traditional with the contemporary in Nigerian society. Such compositions reflect the ongoing dialogue between maintaining cultural heritage and embracing global modernization, a central theme in the country's narrative of change.

Another common technique is the use of imagery depicting urban landscapes, with skylines that include both colonial architecture and modern skyscrapers. This visual melding serves as a metaphor for the layers of history and progress, suggesting how past structures and new developments coexist and shape the urban experience. These representations not only document the physical transformations in Nigerian cities but also comment on the socio-economic shifts that accompany urban growth.

Moreover, these artworks often challenge and reshape perceptions of Nigeria's progress. For instance, an artist might overlay vibrant scenes of local markets or festivals with subdued tones of government buildings or foreign corporations, critiquing the disparity between local vitality and institutional challenges. Such contrasts provoke reflections on the true nature of progress—questioning whose interests are served and at what cost.

By employing these visual strategies, Nigerian collage artists do more than depict transformation; they actively participate in the discourse about what meaningful change looks like in their country. Their artworks become platforms for public engagement, inviting viewers to reflect on the past, reconsider the present, and reimagine the future of Nigeria. Through this dynamic interplay of imagery and symbolism, collage art becomes a powerful tool

for influencing and representing societal transformation.

5. Broader Cultural Impact

The broader cultural impact of Nigerian collage art extends well beyond the confines of galleries and museums, influencing societal attitudes and sparking discussions on pivotal post-colonial themes. These artworks serve as cultural artifacts that resonate with a wide audience, fostering a deeper understanding and appreciation of Nigeria's complex history and its ongoing socio-political challenges.

Nigerian collage artists often tackle themes such as identity, autonomy, and resilience, using their art to initiate dialogues about these issues in broader cultural contexts. For instance, by depicting scenes that juxtapose colonial legacies with contemporary Nigerian life, artists invite viewers to reflect on how colonial history continues to shape present-day realities. This not only educates the public about historical impacts but also stimulates discussion on how to address these enduring influences.

Moreover, these collages often serve as a catalyst for community engagement and activism. Art exhibitions featuring these works can become hubs for dialogue, where artists, academics, activists, and community members converge to debate and discuss the implications of the artwork. Such interactions can lead to increased awareness and even mobilize community-led initiatives aimed at tackling the issues depicted in the art.

Artists may also collaborate with local organizations to use their art for educational purposes, such as workshops or community projects that engage young people and encourage them to explore their cultural heritage and contemporary societal issues through art. These activities help to embed a sense of agency and participation among community members, particularly the youth, who can be instrumental in driving change.

Furthermore, in the digital age, the reach of these artworks extends through online platforms, where images and discussions about them can go viral, reaching a global audience. This amplifies the conversation, drawing international attention to Nigerian cultural and political issues, and garnering solidarity and support for various causes depicted or inspired by the artworks.



Through these various channels, Nigerian collage art not only reflects cultural and social dynamics but actively participates in molding them. By fostering critical engagement and dialogue, these artworks contribute to a more informed and proactive public discourse, underscoring the power of art as a tool for cultural reflection and social change.

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